

Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 1: Identification of the su	ibstance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier	
Product name	: Bonide Sulfur Plant Fungicide
Product code	: 462
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the sul	bstance or mixture and uses advised against
Use of the substance/mixture	: Fungicide
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safet	y data sheet
Bonide Products, Inc. 6301 Sutliff Road Oriskany, NY 13424 T (315) 736-8231 www.bonide.com	
1.4. Emergency telephone number	
Emergency number	: CHEMTREC - 1 (800) 424-9300 and/or 1 (703) 527-3887
SECTION 2: Hazards identification	
2.1. Classification of the substance or	mixture
Classification (GHS-US)	
Acute toxicity, oral 5H303Skin corrosion/irritation 3H316Eye Damage/Irritation 2BH320Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure;	Respiratory tract irritation 3 H335
2.2. Label elements	
GHS-US labeling Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)	
Signal word (GHS-US)	: Warning
Hazard statements (GHS-US)	<ul> <li>H303 - May be harmful if swallowed</li> <li>H316 - May cause mild skin irritation</li> <li>H320 - Causes eye irritation</li> <li>H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements (GHS-US)	<ul> <li>P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.</li> <li>P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.</li> <li>P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area.</li> <li>P280 - Use personal protective equipment as required</li> <li>P305+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337+P317 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.</li> <li>P362 - Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.</li> <li>P332+P317 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help.</li> <li>P370+P378 - In case of a fire, use water fog, spray, or regular foam to extinguish.</li> <li>Do not use a direct water stream.</li> <li>P403+P405+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place locked up and tightly closed.</li> <li>P501 - Dispose of contents/container to in accordance with local/national regulations</li> </ul>

## 2.3. Other hazards

Sulfur dust is HIGHLY FLAMMABLE. If suspended in air, it will ignite by friction, static electricity, heat, sparks, or flames. Sulfur dust clouds may explode.

May be corrosive to metal.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information	tion on ingredients				
Mixture					
Name	Product identifier (CAS Number) %				
Sulfur	7704-34-9 90				
SECTION 4: First aid measures					
4.1. Description of first aid measures					
First-aid measures general	: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).				
First-aid measures after inhalation	Assure fresh air breathing. Watch for signs of an allergic reaction. Use a bronchodilator inhaler if directed by asthma patient. Keep victim warm and quiet. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If heart has stopped beating, start cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION.				
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical advice/attention.				
First-aid measures after eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for 15 minutes, while holding upper and lower lid apart to insure rinsing of entire eye surface and lids. Do not use boric acid to rinse with. FOR SEVERE IRRITATION, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION, preferably an ophthalmologist.</li> </ul>				
First-aid measures after ingestion	Give one tablespoon of Syrup of Ipecac to induce vomiting. If vomiting does occur, give fluids again. If vomiting has not occured in twenty minutes, the same dose of Syrup of Ipecac may be repeated one additional time. Alternatively, vomiting may be induced by touching the back of the throat with a finger. Immediately consult a doctor/medical service.				
4.2. Most important symptoms and ef	fects, both acute and delayed				
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.				
4.3. Indication of any immediate medi	ical attention and special treatment needed				
Individuals with known allergies to sulfide drug	gs may also have allergic reactions to elemental sulfur.				
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures	8				
5.1. Extinguishing media					
Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Sand.				
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not usea direct water stream, as it could create sulfur dust clouds and cause an explosion or could move burning sulfur to adjacent areas.				
5.2. Special hazards arising from the	substance or mixture				
Fire hazard	: Fire will rekindle until mass is cooled below 310°F (154°C). Cool surrounding areas with water fog to prevent re-igniting. Sulfur dust is HIGHLY FLAMMABLE. If suspended in air, it will ignite by friction, static electricity, heat, sparks, or flames. Sulfur dust clouds may explode.				
5.3. Advice for firefighters					
	ould be immediately relieved and checked for symptoms of exposure of toxic gases. This should not be tion. SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY				
Exposure Hazards	: Prevent human exposure to smoke, fumes, or products of combustion (sulfur oxide gases). Evacuate nonessential personnel from the fire area. If large fire, evacuate people downwind from fire. Consider evacuation for ½ mile in all directions.				
Protection during firefighting	: Wear full-faced, self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing				
SECTION 6: Accidental release me	easures				
	equipment and emergency procedures				
Personal precausions	: Minor spills such as torn or ruptured containers should be repaired or patched with tape if possible. Place spilled material in a disposable container. Avoid getting dust in eyes.				
Protective equipment	: Maintain adequate ventilation. Wear a dust mask when dust is present or a respirator if smoke is				
	present. Wear safety glasses.				
Emergency procedures : As an immediate precautionary measure isolate spills or leak areas. Eliminate all source ignition, such as flares, sparks, or flames, in the immediate area. No smoking. Ventilate spaces before entering.					
6.2. Environmental precautions					
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Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

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#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

: Gently sweep or shovel up spilled material using a natural fiber broom and/or aluminum shovel to prevent sparking, to avoid creating a dust cloud. Place sweepings in an appropriate chemical waste container for reclaiming or disposal in an approved facility. Wash spill site after clean-up is complete.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

All handling and conveying equipment should be properly grounded and bonded. Be careful not to create dust. Avoid any conditions that might tend to create a dust explosion. Maintain good housekeeping practices to minimize dust build-up and dispersion. Eliminate sources of ignition. Keep away from heat, sparks, and flames. Use nonferrous tools, when available, to reduce sparking. Gently sweep or shovel up spilled materials using a natural fiber broom and/or aluminum shovel to prevent sparking. Maintain adequate ventilation in all areas.

7.2.	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities				
Storage	conditions	: Containers should be stored in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from flammable materials, sources of heat, flames, and sparks. Separate from chlorates, nitrates, and other oxidizing agents. Exercise due caution to prevent damage to or leakage from container.			
Incompa	tible materials	: Keep away from flammable materials, sources of heat, flame, sparks, chlorates, nitrates and other oxidizing agents.			

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Maintain adequate ventilation in all areas. No flares or flames in area. Be careful not to create dust. Eliminate sources of ignition.

8.2.	Exposure controls		
Respirato	ry	:	Wear dust masks and use NIOSH/MSHA approved dust respirator if airborne concentrations exceed exposure limits.
Eyes/Fac	e	:	Wear suitable, protective safety glasses to prevent eye irritation from dust.
Hands		:	Wash hands thoroughly after handling and before eating or smoking.
Skin/Body	y	:	Wear suitable, protective clothing to prevent skin irritation from dust. Wash skin thoroughly after handling and before eating or smoking. Wash contaminated clothing separately before reuse.
Environm	ental Exposure Controls	:	Follow best practice for site management and disposal of waste. Avoid release to the environment.
General I	ndustrial Hygiene Considerations	:	Protective equipment should be used in any situation that may result in hazardous exposure. Maintain good housekeeping practices to minimize dust build-up and dispersion. Eliminate sources of ignition. Use nonferrous tools to reduce sparking. Sweep or shovel up spilled material using a natural fiber broom and/or aluminum shovel to prevent sparking. Maintain adequate ventilation in all areas.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties				
9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties				
Physical state	: Solid			
Appearance	: Yellow powder			
Formula	: S <sub>8</sub> (Rhombic or monoclinic)			
Color	: Pale yellow.			
Odor	: Faint odor of rotten eggs.			
pH	: No data available			
Melting point/ Freezing point	: 118 - 120 °C (244-248°F)			
Purity	: 90.0% Min. Wettable; 98.0% Min. Dusting			
Auto-Ignition Temperature	: 240°C (464°F)			
Boiling point	: 832 ° F (444° C)			
Flash point	: 207°C (405°F) Closed Cup			
Self ignition temperature	: 464 °F			
Decomposition temperature	: Does not decompose			
Flammability (solid, gas)	: May form combustible dust concentrations in air			
Vapor pressure	: 8 mmHg at 246°C (475°F) 1 mmHg at 183.8°C (362.8°F)			
Vapor density	: No data available			
Relative density	: No data available			

# Bonide Sulfur Plant Fungicide Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 /

Bulk Density : Lumps: 75-115 bs./ft3 Powder: 33-80 lbs./ft3 Solubility : Insolubie Specific Gravity : 2.07 @ 70° F Explosive properties : No data available Explosion limits : Upper: 6.38% (v) Lower: 0.17% (v)  SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity Stable 10.1 Reactivity Stable 10.2 Chemical stability 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions Not established. 10.4 Conditions to avoid Oxender normal conditions. 10.5 Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents, copper alloys, steel, chlorates, nitrates. 10.6 Hazardous decopisition products Oxidize of supports of Normat irritation, coupling, chest discomfort, astin, irritation, Nose or throat irritation, coupling, chest discomfort, astin, irritation, Nose or throat irritation, coupling, chest discomfort, astin, irritation, Nose or throat irritation, coupling, chest discomfort, astin, irritation, Nose, Nose or throat irritation, coupling, chest discomfort, astin, irritation, Nose, Nose or throat irritation, coupling, chest discomfort, astin, irritation, Nose, Nose or throat irritation, avais, stinging eye irritation, and huse. Exposure Limits have been established. 11.2 Acute Symptoms and Effects Inhalation Prolonged Inhalation may cause irritation or the spiratory tract. Breathing of dust may aggravate astima and other pulmonary diseases. Eye Contact No adverse effects. Skin irritation may be aggravated in persons with existing skin lesions. Ingestion lingsted sulfur is converted to sulfides in the gastrointestinal tract (GI), and ingestion of 10 to 20 grams has caused irritation of the GI tract and renal injury. Swallowing large amounts may cause  rause and vomiting. 11.2 Long Term Effects Nore Kown to humans				
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<ul> <li>11.2. Acute Symptoms and Effects</li> <li>Inhalation Prolonged inhalation may cause irritation of respiratory tract. Breathing of dust may aggravate asthma and other pulmonary diseases.</li> <li>Eye Contact Sulfur dust is an eye irritant.</li> <li>Skin Contact No adverse effects. Skin irritation may be aggravated in persons with existing skin lesions.</li> <li>Ingestion Ingested sulfur is converted to sulfides in the gastrointestinal tract (GI), and ingestion of 10 to 20 grams has caused irritation of the GI tract and renal injury. Swallowing large amounts may cause nausea and vomiting.</li> <li>11.2. Long Term Effects</li> </ul>				
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Eye Contact Sulfur dust is an eye irritant.         Skin Contact No adverse effects. Skin irritation may be aggravated in persons with existing skin lesions.         Ingestion Ingested sulfur is converted to sulfides in the gastrointestinal tract (GI), and ingestion of 10 to 20 grams has caused irritation of the GI tract and renal injury. Swallowing large amounts may cause nausea and vomiting.         11.2.       Long Term Effects				
<ul> <li>Skin Contact No adverse effects. Skin irritation may be aggravated in persons with existing skin lesions.</li> <li>Ingestion Ingested sulfur is converted to sulfides in the gastrointestinal tract (GI), and ingestion of 10 to 20 grams has caused irritation of the GI tract and renal injury. Swallowing large amounts may cause nausea and vomiting.</li> <li>11.2. Long Term Effects</li> </ul>				
Ingestion Ingested sulfur is converted to sulfides in the gastrointestinal tract (GI), and ingestion of 10 to 20 grams has caused irritation of the GI tract and renal injury. Swallowing large amounts may cause nausea and vomiting. 11.2. Long Term Effects				
None known to humans				
11.3. Toxicity				
LD50 Oral: >5050 mg/kg (rats) Dermal: >2020 mg/kg (rats) LC50 Inhalation @ 90%: >5.49-mg/L air concentration (rats) Skin Slightly irritating (rabbits) Eye Minimal irritation in non-washed eyes (rabbits) This product does not contain any ingredient designated by NTP, IARC, or OSHA as a probable human carcinogen.				
SECTION 12: Ecological information				
12.1. Toxicity				
Sulfur (7704-34-9)				
LC50 fish 1 866 mg/l (96 h; Brachydanio rerio)				
LC50 fish 2     > 100 mg/l 96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)				
TLM fish 1     10000 ppm (96 h; Gambusia affinis)       Threshold limit other equation organisme 1     > 10000 mg// (24 h; Depheio megne)				
Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 1       > 10000 mg/l (24 h; Daphnia magna)				
12.2. Persistence and degradability				
Bonide Sulfur Plant Fungicide				
Persistence and degradability Not established.				

Sulfur (7704-34-9)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable. Biodegradability in soil: not applicable. Adsorbs into the soil.

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Sulfur (7704-34-9)				
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable			
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable			
ThOD	Not applicable			
BOD (% of ThOD) Not applicable				
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential				
Bonide Sulfur Plant Fungicide				
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.			
Sulfur (7704-34-9)				
Log Pow	0.23 (Estimated value)			
Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).				
12.4. Mobility in soil				
Sulfur (7704-34-9)				
Ecology - soil	Not toxic to bees.			
12.5. Other adverse effects				
Other information	: Avoid release to the environment.			
SECTION 13: Disposal consideration	ons			
13.1. Waste treatment methods				
Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.			
Ecology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment.			

### SECTION 14: Transport information

Sulfur is not regulated if transported in non-bulk packaging (less than 400 kg or 880 lbs per package).

	14.1 UN Number	14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name	14.3 Transport Hazard Classes	14.4 Packaging Group	14.5 Environmental Hazards
DOT (Domestic)	NA1350	Sulfur (Sulphur)	9 (Misc. Hazardous Materials)		No data available
IMO/IMDG	UN1350	Sulphur (Sulfur)	4.1 (Flammable solid)	=	No data available
IATA/ICAO	UN 1350	Sulfur	4.1	=	No data available

This product is not a Marine Pollutant as defined in 40 CFR Part 172.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label:

**CAUTION:** Harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through skin. May cause irritation of eyes, nose, throat and skin. Avoid contact with eyes or skin. Avoid breathing dust vapor or spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

#### SECTION 16: Other information

Other information

: None.

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Pesticides

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.